ADBI-JIIA International Symposium November 10, 2015

ASEAN Economic Community, East Asia and Japan

-ASEAN, AEC, RCEP and Japan-

Kazushi Shimizu (Kyushu University) shimizu@en.kyushu-u.ac.jp

Introduction

- ASEAN and East Asia are among the world's fastest growing regions
 - The most important growth area in the world economy
- Economic integration is underway in East Asia
 - ASEAN is to realize the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) in 2015
 - Economic integration is moving forward in East Asia as a whole: RCEP
- ASEAN and East Asia are also important for Japan
 - The most important production bases and markets for Japanese corporations
 - A long history of exchange and friendship

Structure of This Report

- Long-term study conducted on ASEAN economic integration and the AEC within the world economy
- ASEAN economic integration and the automobile industry
- Relations between ASEAN and Japan
- ☐ The following are covered in this report:
- AEC and ASEAN
- East Asian Economic Integration
- Changes after the Global Financial Crisis
- ☐ AEC, East Asia and Japan

ASEAN Economic Integration: 1976-2003

- □ ASEAN is the key player in East Asia's economic integration
 - Conventionally, the only regional cooperation organization in East Asia
 - AFTA set up with the aim of realizing AEC in 2015
- ☐ Established in 1967
- Economic cooperation began in 1976
- □ Change to the Economic Cooperation Strategy in 1987
- □ Agreed on AFTA (ASEAN Free Trade Area) in 1992
- Membership has expanded to Indochina since 1995
 - Vietnam in 1995, Laos and Myanmar in 1997, Cambodia in 1999
- Economic integration has been deepening due to changes since the Asian financial crisis

Toward an ASEAN Economic Community (AEC)

- □ Oct 2003: "ASEAN Concord II" and AEC
 - AEC: structuring single market/production base by 2020
 - Inviting foreign investments
- ☐ Jan 2007: front-loading AEC up to 2015
- Nov 2007: "AEC Blueprint"
 - □ A. Single Market and Production Base
 - Free flow of (1) goods, (2) services, (3) investment, (4) capital and (5) skilled labor
 - **■** B. Competitive Economic Region
 - C. Equitable Economic Development
 - D. Integration into the Global Economy
- Since 2008: AEC Scorecard and Monitoring
- □ Oct 2010: "Master Plan on ASEAN Connectivity"
- Steadily moving toward realization of AEC in 2015

Results of ASEAN Economic Integration (1) Tariff Reductions through AFTA

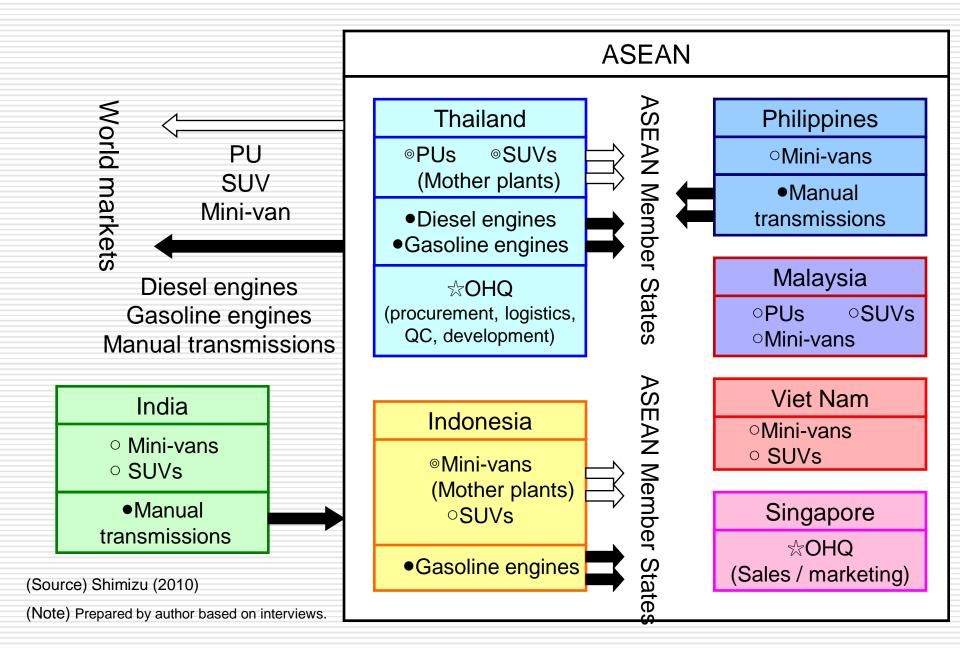
Steady results obtained thus far through ASEAN economic integration

- □ Tariff reductions since 1993
- In January 2010, tariffs were eliminated in 6 original member states, thus realizing AFTA
- ☐ Simultaneously, tariffs on almost all items (98.96 %) were reduced to 0-5% in CLMV as well
- Increase in AFTA utilization rate by individual states
 - For example, 61.3% of exports from Thailand to Indonesia in 2010 used AFTA

Results of ASEAN Economic Integration (2) Support for Production Networks

- Japanese corporations have been expanding their production networks throughout ASEAN
- ASEAN policies support these production networks
- ☐ The automotive industry is a typical example. Japanese automotive manufacturers hold a large share in ASEAN: 85% in 2014
- Toyota: Supported by ASEAN policies (BBC, AICO, AFTA) since the 1990s, with major components mutually complemented in the ASEAN region
- ☐ Toyota IMV (since 2004)
 - Parts procurement, production and export of 1-ton pickup trucks in various areas
 - Multi-layered production network is being expanded to include primary parts makers such as Denso, secondary and tertiary makers as well as material suppliers
 - AFTA provides support
- Matching of ASEAN integration policy and corporate production network structuring

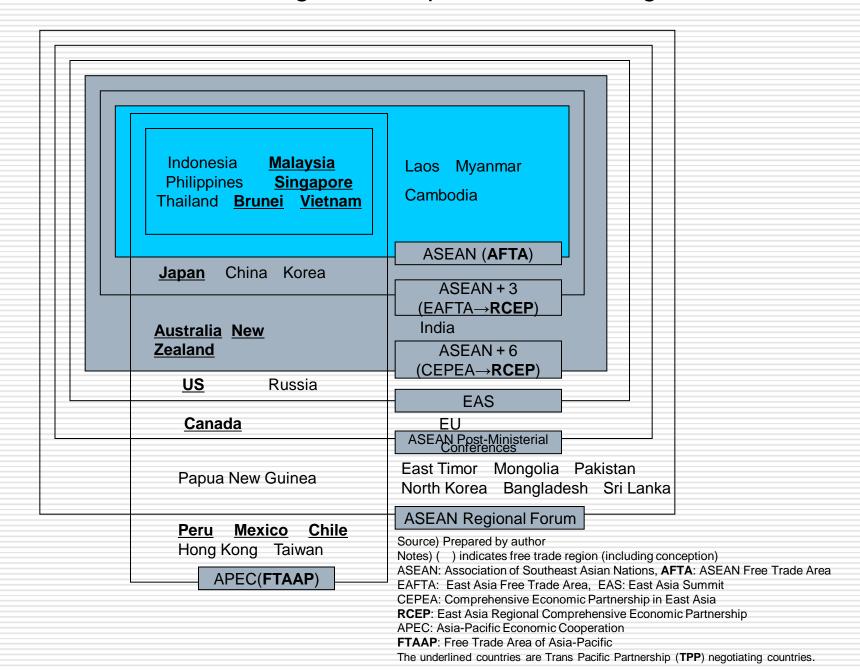
Schematic of Main Car and Parts Complementation at Toyota IMV



ASEAN and East Asian Regional Cooperation

- East Asia regional cooperation: developed in the wake of the Asian financial crisis
- Key player is ASEAN
- ASEAN, ASEAN + 3, EAS, etc. are deployed in multiple layers
- ☐ Structuring of FTA networks as ASEAN+1 FTAs
 - ACFTA (ASEAN-China)
 - AJCEP (ASEAN-Japan)
 - AKFTA (ASEAN-Korea)
 - AIFTA (ASEAN-India)
 - ASEANCER (ASEAN-Australia / New Zealand)
 - Completed in January 2010
- However, FTAs for East Asia as a whole and CJK have not been established

Framework of East Asia Regional Cooperation Centering on ASEAN



Changes after Global Financial Crisis and East Asia (1)

- ASEAN and East Asia
 - Becoming the most important growth area in the world economy
 - Major production bases for the world economy
 - Huge markets for the world economy
- United States
 - "Plan to double exports"
 - Participating in TPP, aiming to export to East Asia
- Realization of Mega-FTAs: TPP and RCEP
 - ☐ TPP: Mega-FTA in Asia Pacific
 - 12 states: Malaysia, Singapore, Brunei, Vietnam, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, US, Canada, Peru, Mexico and Chile
 - RCEP: Mega-FTA in East Asia
 - 16 states: 10 ASEAN states, Japan, China, Korea, Australia, New Zealand and India

Changes after Global Financial Crisis and East Asia (2): Realization of Mega-FTAs

- □ Realization of mega-FTAs: TPP and RCEP
 - ☐ Mar 2010: TPP negotiations began
 - Nov 2011: ASEAN Summit
 - ASEAN proposed East Asia Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP)
 - August 2012: First Economic Ministers Plus ASEAN FTA Partners Consultations
 - □ Nov 2012:
 - Agreement on beginning RCEP negotiations in early 2013
 - Agreement on beginning CJK FTA negotiations
 - May 2013: First Meeting of Trade Negotiating Committee (RCEP)
 - ☐ July 2013: Japan joined TPP negotiations
- TPP and Japan's participation in TPP accelerated RCEP and CJK FTA negotiations
- TPP and RCEP negotiations accelerated the realization of AEC

Realization of AEC in 2015 (1)

- A. Single Market and Production Base
 - 1. Free Flow of Goods
 - □ Elimination of Tariffs (A): 10 ASEAN member states: 95.99% Tariff Lines at 0% in Jan 2015
 - CLMV: eliminated duties with flexibility of 7% of tariff lines up to Jan 2018
 - Improved Rules of Origin, ASEAN Single Window
 - □ Elimination of NTBs (D)
 - 2. Free Flow of Services (B)
 - 3. Free Flow of Investment (B)
 - 4. Free Flow of Capital (B)
 - 5. Free Flow of Skilled Labor (C)

Realization of AEC in 2015 (2)

- B. Competitive Economic Region (B)
- □ C. Equitable Economic Development (B)
- □ D. Integration into the Global Economy (A)
 - RCEP, ASEAN+1 FTAs

- Next AEC Goal to be 2025
- Nov 2015: 27th ASEAN Summit
 - "AEC Blueprint 2025"
- □ Dec 31, 2015 to be the Great Milestone

Summary (1) AEC and ASEAN

- Steadily moving toward realization of AEC in 2015
- AFTA has been established in ASEAN
- Solid results obtained: tariff reduction and elimination
- Support for production networks
- □ Key player in East Asian economic integration
- ASEAN is one of the most important cases of economic integration in the world
- Realization of AEC to be accelerated by structural changes in the world economy

Summary (2) East Asian Economic Integration

- East Asia is the most important growth region in the current world economy
- East Asian FTA to be realized in the context of structural changes to the world economy
 - AEC is to be realized at the end of 2015
 - Moving toward realization of RCEP
 - TPP negotiations to accelerate RCEP, CJK FTA negotiations and the realization of AEC

Summary (3) ASEAN, East Asia and Japan

- ASEAN and East Asia are among the most important areas for Japan
- ASEAN and East Asia are among the most important production bases and markets for Japanese corporations
- Japan has to develop together with ASEAN and East Asia
- To strengthen cooperation with ASEAN
- ☐ To cooperate in connection with AEC
- To promote a mega-FTA in East Asia (RCEP)
- To promote mega-FTAs in the Asia-Pacific (TPP, FTAAP)

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Thank you very much for your attention!